ISSN:0976-5425 Vol-5-Issue-6-November-December- 2019

Reality Through The Lens Of Print Media In Kazuo Ishiguro's Never Let Me

Go

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## Abstract

The paper entitled "Reality through the lens of print media in Kazuo Ishiguro's Never Let Me Go" aims to explore the literary perspective and mainly engages with the themes of the novel. It also examines various kinds of medical issues related to cloning and organ transplants, in which human clones are forced to donate their organs in an

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alternate reality, set in 1990s England. The storyline does not evolve around law. Instead, Iship. Vol-5-15500 6-November 1501 alternate reality, set in 1990.

alternate reality, set in 1990.

proceedings, nor is there any direct reference to the law. Instead, Instead, Ishighto world charact. proceedings, nor is there a proceedings, nor is there are separating the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro for confronts the reader with a confront the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro Italian uncertain distance separating the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro Italian uncertain distance separating the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro Italian uncertain distance separating the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro Italian uncertain distance separating the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro Italian uncertain distance separating the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro Italian uncertain distance separating the characters and the law. By reading Ishiguro Italian uncertain distance separating the characters and the law. uncertain distance separation and understanding of the various nuances is form the complex socio-legal configuration. This need to literature perspective, a lorm the complex socio-legal configuration. This paper for the novel's story. It also ex nuances interconnect to 22 the number of existential anguish in the context of the novel's story. It also encounts and purpose of human life. readers to study the real meaning and purpose of human life.

Keywords: Cloning, organ transplants, alternate reality, lawlessness, complex social configuration, existential anguish.

Reality through the lens of print media in Kazuo Ishiguro's Never Let Me Go

"A good book leaves you wanting to reread the book. A great book compels you to be your soul." -Richard Flanagan

A novel is any relatively long work of narrative fiction, normally in process typically published as a book. The term novel is a truncation of the Italian word and The novella is a kind of enlarged anecdote like those to be found in the 14th century lin classic Boccaccio's Decameron, each of which exemplifies the etymology well and There are many factors which form a novel. Within its broad framework, the genter novel has encompassed an extensive range of types and styles like picaresque, epision gothic, romantic, realist, historical etc. Kazuo Ishiguro has used various factor of novel Never Let Me Go that has made his novel a thriving one. The factors in narrative style, characterization, themes, symbols, motifs, language, etc.

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Never Let Me Go was written in the decade after the possibilities of human cloning became something more real and technologically possible with the successful cloning of a sheep known as Dolly. Many Scottish scientists took a cell from an adult sheep, fused it with another sheep's unfertilized egg and created an identical twin. The huge media attention on this development focused on assumption and worry about man's ability to manipulate biology. The story of Dolly exposes some uneasiness between politics, ethics and science thereby relating closely to the growing and ongoing controversy about embryonic stem cell research.

The novel does not tell anything about the science of human cloning or how, in a society that seems in many ways to be quite similar to one's own, it was ever thought ethically acceptable to rear children as clones and then harvest their organs. In an interview hosted by John Mullan when a question was thrown to Ishiguro writing of a novel, he replied "I didn't want to write anything that could be mistaken for a "prophecy". I wanted to write a story in which every reader might find an echo of his or her own life" (Ishiguro).

Never Let Me Go can be seen under dystopian or science fiction dimensions. But it is more of an 'alternate history' conceit. It is more in the line of 'What if Hitler had won?' or 'What if Kennedy hadn't been assassinated?'. Matthew Beedham, points out that "the novels of Kazuo Ishiguro demand that readers look honestly at the past, to consider what they hold valuable, and to question how they live their lives" (4).

Ishiguro had to have Kathy, the narrator talk appropriately in contemporary

England in the novel. In the literary tradition of unreliable narration, the challenge is,
getting a voice that properly presents the narrator's character. It is finding a voice that
allows a reader to respond to a character not just through what he or she does in the story,

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but also through how he or she speaks and thinks. Through the novel Ishipan but also through how wice suitable for someone living in contemporary but also through how he of succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Kathy's voice suitable for someone living in contemporary Englishing Succeeded in making Succeeded in making Succeeded in Suc succeeded in making Kathy succeeded in making Kathy succeeded in making mumber of scenes pulled from the narrator's memory is black.

In the novel the maximum number of scenes pulled from the narrator's memory is black. In the novel the maximum number of this and this happened. It is also hat the edges. It is not just telling the reader 'this-and-this happened'. It is also hat the edges. It is not just telling the reader 'this-and-this happened'. It is also hat the edges. It is not just telling the reader 'this-and-this happened'. It is also have also she remembered this event just at this point? How do at the edges. It is not just at this point? How does the questions like: Why has she remembered this event just at this point? How does the questions like: Why has she can't remember very precisely what happen questions like: Why mas and tremember very precisely what happened, they about it? And when she says she can't remember very precisely what happened, they everyone how much everyone trusts her?.

A first person narrative is where a story is narrated by one character at a sample authorise. speaking for and about them. First person narrators can be authoritative and reliable speaking and unreliable. Such a narrator will refer to himself/herself using the first policy deceptive and unreliable. singular form 'I' or the first person plural form 'We'. The reader will encounter only thoughts, opinions and feelings of the narrator, and no other characters. In some star first person narrators may refer to information they have heard from the others change in order to deliver a larger point of view.

Never Let Me Go is told from the first person narrative that is the story is told from Kathy's point of view. Looking back at her thirty-one years, Kathy tells about the moments in her life. All the information gathered about the world in which Kathy lives represented in Kathy's language and consists of what Kathy has seen. Kathy is also controller of the story that is been told. Kathy, as the first person narrator, not determines how the story is told but also what the story is about. By reading [6] narrative, one can displace it from its intended audience (clones in an alternate rally one's own world. As a narrative displaced from Kathy's alternate world, Never Lalli is looked upon as a science fiction by the readers.

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The novel may also be considered as a cautionary tale regarding the abuse of science and technology on humans and their civil rights. It is a story in which science and technology are conspicuously absent. Though the novel is narrated by a human clone and the major character are clones, no scientists or doctors are seen in the novel. There is no theory or explanation of genetic replications. Indeed the most technologically advanced item to appear in the novel is the automobile. The lack of science in the novel about clones has led to some anxiety among critics as to how to categorize the novel? Gabriele Griffin comments "Many critics puzzled over the novel's genre, registering an affinity to science fiction" (Shaddox 449). Leona Toker writes that this "mild and melancholy dystopia" evokes Huxley's *Brave New World* "because the foundational ideas of both the novels have to do with in-vitro creation of human beings" (Shaddox 449).

Plot setting is one of the major aspects associated with any literary work. It is the structure of a story and the sequence in which the author arranges events in a story. The structure often includes the rising action, the climax, the falling action, and the resolution. Never Let Me Go takes place in the late 20th, in England where human beings are cloned and bred for purposes of harvesting their organs once they reach adulthood. These clones are reared in boarding school-type institutions called Halisham. Halisham is a grand place whose ample grounds encompass a pond and pavilion. It is staffed by guardians who have quasi-parental function of the boarding school housemaster or mistress. Once the children have reached maturity they leave their school-type community and embark on an adult life, in which they are given limited access to the normal world while they await the summons to make their first donation. This is where Kathy, as carer, comes in. She is the attending angel.

Kuthy's capacity for emotion provides the narrative occasion. She reminisce about her time at Halisham. Her two most important friends are Ruth, a captivaling by manipulative and deceitful girl, and Tommy, a kind boy with a bad temper who is hat by other students. Halisham places a great emphasis on art, writing and other forms creativity. A mysterious woman named Madame comes periodically to take the student best artwork to an off-campus gallery. Tommy is not particularly good at these things an never gets pieces into the gallery, and this is cause why he is ostracized. At the end of the novel, Kathy herself is about to make her first donation. She goes to mourn for the dea Tommy in a field in Norfolk. There, she imagines all the things she has lost and mo importantly she dreams about Tommy.

The toughest part of writing a novel comes with choosing a theme. The theme, any particular work serves as the heart of that work. So it is very important to choose theme which has something to convey to the readers in an efficient way. It is a major ide broad enough to cover the entire scope of a literary work. In Never Let Me Go Ishiga has chosen the themes in a way which moves the readers mind more genuinely. Ishigu has brought various themes like friendship, Identity, memory and the past, passivity, and culture, dreams, hopes, plans, freedom and confinement.

The friendships in the novel Never Let Me Go are very complicated, yet they she reality. In the novel, just like the real life, friends fight, have misunderstandings, supp each other at times of trouble, and accidently or persistently hurt each other's feeling Likewise, when Kathy is young, all these little stuffs get into her. But as an adult Ka breaks free from all these things. Her flashback on Ruth and Tommy confirm the ups! downs of friendship, yet they also remind about how enduring friendship can be 1 dreaded question: who am I? is often asked by every individual in their day to day !

But Kathy and her friends have another question to inquire about: what am I? Understanding what it means to be a clone is a big part of Kathy to figure out who she is. She needs to decide if her identity is connected with the person she was modeled from, or if that doesnot matter at all.

Kathy spends a great deal mulling over who she is and how she relates to normal humans. In the end it is left to the readers to find whether Kathy finds her identity or not. The fact that Kathy is obsessed with her past with Halisham, her childhood friends and her old cassette tape is apparent through the novel. She is very deeply connected with her past that she barely tells anything about her present life. The entire novel is a series of flashbacks. Looking back is one way that Kathy can muddle through the things she has lost over the years. Kathy looks back at her life, and this is of a greater significance that all of her old friends are gone. They continue to exist only in her memory.

The mutiny of clones never happens in the novel. Instead, Kathy and her friends surrender to their fate without any wavering of thoughts. The clones are a kind of appealing passive characters. They never really battle against the system or try to find jobs, which doesnot involve giving away vital organs. This seems to be miserable and frustrating. This novel connects submission with achievement and even pleasure, which is evident when Kathy and her friends take pleasure out of doing their jobs. They know they are going to die one day, yet they have no regrets.

When Ishiguro talks about Never Let Me Go, he never refers to his main characters as anything other than people, human beings. Kathy's emotions are so repressed that makes her seem robotic, but underneath the repression, her emotions are painfully human.

In the book's last pages, Kathy shows a spark of anger and grief that readers would expect from an ordinary human in her situation. When Tommy tells her that he doesn't want her a cell 300 Copyright © 2019Authors

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to remain his carer through his last donation, Kathy is "furious," but she keeps her "voice" to remain his carer through his last donation, Kathy is "furious," but she keeps her "voice" to remain his carer through his last donation, Kathy is "furious," but she keeps her "voice" to remain his carer through his last donation, Kathy is "furious," but she keeps her "voice" to remain his carer through his last donation, Kathy is "furious," but she keeps her "voice" to remain his carer through his last donation, Kathy is "furious," but she keeps her "voice" to remain his carer through his last donation, Kathy is "furious," but she keeps her "voice" to remain his carer through his last donation. quiet and under control" (281). At such an upsetting time, her control appears truly inhuman. She has not yet removed the repression veiling her emotions. Kathy and Tommy have "loved each other all their lives. But in the end, they can't stay together forever (282). Tommy cuts short the few months they have together. Kathy keeps her superhuman composure until after Tommy dies. Here, at last, is the deep emotion Kathy has kept under wraps the entire novel, hinting at but never expressing. She cries, but doesn't let the fantasy get out of control, and eventually returns to her car and resumes driving Her tendency to hold back takes over, but a momentary slip is enough to reveal the humanity it made doubtful. Kathy's tyranny is not a proof that she is less emotional than a human being, more clone-like than other clones. It simply masks the emotional sensitivity that identifies her as an undeniably human.

Every character in the novel is interconnected and influences the impression of each theme of the novel. Priorities are lost throughout the novel. The meaning of what it means to be a human and to have a soul is almost lost with the modifications to the human life and dark society who accept the tremendous form of genetic engineering. Money has replaced the value of human life. Nowadays, people started focusing on money and material pleasures rather, the value for human emotions decreased. Through the characters in the novel, the readers are made to think about the lost meaning of a happy life and the real purpose of human life.

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